Perilaku Masyarakat Miskin di Kota Bengkulu dan Model Pengentasan Kemiskinan Berbasis Nilai Sosial-Budaya Lokal

Abstrak:

Although Indonesian Government had some programs to overcome poverty, the number of poor families in Bengkulu remained substantial. The goals of this research were to find out behavior of poor community contributed to persistent poverty, and to formulate an alternative model for poverty alleviation suitable to local social-cultural value. The respondents were selected using purposive sampling method, covering poor fishermen, vendors/small micro business, and blue-collar labors/casual workers, in which each group consists of 20 people either the head of household or house-wife. The data were collected through observation and interviews. Qualitative approach was used to analyze the data. The finding shows that poor community in Bengkulu City tend to behave thrifty (consumptively). They got used to owing to private money lender as well as neighbour’s kiosk, and prefered to purchase goods in credit/instalment. Based on the data analysis, this research purposes three kinds of different poverty alleviation model for community of fishermen, vendors, and casual workers.

Keyword:

poor society, poverty, empowerment, poverty alleviation, local social cultural values.

Daftar Pustaka:

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